Business Practices and Sustainability

Editors
Samir Ghosh
Tarak Nath Sahu
Abhijit Sinha
Brajaballav Pal



Business Practices and Sustainability

Editors Samir Ghosh Tarak Nath Sahu Abhijit Sinha Brajaballav Pal

@ Department of Commerce, Vidyasagar University

First Edition: September, 2020

Published by Department of Commerce Vidyasagar University Midnapore-721 102 West Bengal, India

ISBN: 978-93-5406-346-6

Printed at Perfect Solution 9, Anthony Bagan Lane, Kolkata-700 009

> Price ₹: 850.00 US \$: 40.00 UK £: 30.00

The articles published in this book are selected through double-blind peer review process. Whatever has been expressed in this book is contributed explicitly by the honourable writers. The editors and the publisher are not responsible for the authenticity and originality of the contents expressed by the contributors in their articles.

Business Practices and Sustainability

Board of Editors

Professor Arindam Gupta

Professor Samir Ghosh

Professor Kalpataru Bandopadhyay

Professor Tagar Lal Khan

Dr. Brajaballav Pal

Dr. Abhijit Sinha

Dr. Tarak Nath Sahu



Department of Commerce
VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY

Contents

Attendance in higher education: does it matter?
HRM Practices and Sustainable Development: A Study on the RMG
Role of Foreign Direct Investment to Enhance the Economic
SHG Led Microfinance leads to Income Generation and Financial
An Overview of Micro Insurance and its Impact on Sustainable
Does Dividend Policy Have Any Effect on Firm Value? A Study on
Beyond the Ocean of Competition: Milestone Strategy by Reliance Jio
Determinants and challenges in increasing marketed surplus of food crops90 to raise farm income for sustainable agriculture in West Bengal Rupam Mukherjee
Causality between Liquidity Management and Profitability in Stationary102 Series: Evidence from Indian Public Sector Enterprises Bhaskar Bagchi and Ansu Mishra
Financial Performance Based Efficiency Measurement of NBFCs –

Determinants and Challenges in Increasing Marketed Surplus of Food Crops to Raise Farm Income for Sustainable Agriculture in West Bengal

Rupam Mukherjee*

Abstract

Indian agriculture is suffering from distress for the last two decades . Shrinking farm sizes, low productivity, the rising cost of cultivation and climate change have put farming at risk. The problem has become more acute for small and marginal farmers, constituting about 85% of the farming community of the nation, having very minimal access to input, credit and output market. The extreme manifestation of this agrarian distress has been reflected in terms of the unending chain of farmers' suicides in different parts of the nation recently. To address this problem, the Central government has announced its intention of doubling farm income by 2022. Many State governments have undertook financial support and loan waiver schemes to empower farmers and to bring them out of the vicious circle of poverty. But to raise farm income, increase in marketed surplus of farm output is imperative. This paper aims to identify the different socio-economic factors that affect the marketed surplus of food crops of the farmers in the Baraberia village of Amdanga Block of North 24 Parganas district of West Bengal in terms of a multiple regression model. The paper also tries to rank the importance of different problems associated with the marketing of farm produce in the area of study in terms of Garret method, that will enlighten the policymakers in fine-tuning their policy designing. A systematic multistage stratified sampling design was used to conduct a survey and the responses of 120 respondent farming households were documented in terms of a pre-tested structured questionnaire designed for the purpose. The study shows that the marketed surplus of food crops by farming households in the area of study increases with the increase in size of operational landholdings and access to formal credit, whereas it falls with the increase in household size. The study also reveals that the existence of a long chain of mediators

Assistant Professor, Department of Economics, Kabi Sukanta Mahavidyalaya, Burdwan University